The Ad Hoc Group for Medical Research is a coalition of patient and voluntary health groups, medical and scientific societies, academic and research organizations, and industry. We appreciate the opportunity to submit this statement in support of strengthening the federal investment in biomedical, behavioral, social, and population-based research conducted and supported by the National Institutes of Health (NIH) through a recommendation of at least $46.1 billion for NIH’s base program level budget in FY 2022.

As a result of the strong, bipartisan vision of the House and Senate Labor-HHS-Education Subcommittees over the last six years, Congress has helped the agency regain some of the ground lost after years of effectively flat budgets. That renewed investment in NIH has advanced discovery toward promising therapies and diagnostics, reenergized existing and aspiring scientists nationwide, and restored hope for patients and their families. As the Subcommittee has recognized, to remain a global leader in accelerating the development of life-changing cures, pioneering treatments, and innovative prevention strategies, and in this time of unprecedented scientific opportunity, it is essential that Congress sustain long-term robust increases in the NIH budget.

In FY 2022, the Ad Hoc Group for Medical Research supports at least $46.1 billion for the NIH base program level budget, including funds provided through the 21st Century Cures Act Innovation Fund for targeted initiatives, a $3.2 billion increase over the NIH’s program level funding in FY 2021. This funding level, supported by nearly 400 stakeholder organizations, would provide 5% growth in the base budget above inflation, expanding NIH’s capacity to support promising science in all disciplines. We are grateful for President Biden’s enthusiasm for medical research investments and look forward to learning more about the proposal to accelerate the implementation of research findings through a new Advanced
Research Projects Agency for Health (ARPA-H). Robust growth in the foundational research that NIH supports will be key to this vision, and we urge lawmakers to ensure no less than $46.1 billion for the NIH’s base and that any additional funds for ARPA-H or other targeted initiatives supplement, rather than supplant, this core investment.

We further recommend a funding allocation for the Labor-HHS Subcommittee in FY 2022 that allows for the necessary investment in NIH and other agencies that promote the health of our nation. We believe that science and innovation are essential if we are to continue to meet current and emerging health challenges, improve our nation’s physical and fiscal health, and sustain our leadership in medical research.

In addition, we remain concerned about the disruptions the coronavirus pandemic has imposed on medical research. The supplemental funding Congress has provided over the last year has been instrumental in advancing research on COVID-19, with tremendous success in the form of multiple safe and effective vaccines to combat SARS-CoV-2 and other advances. But the pandemic has threatened progress across numerous other areas, with particular challenges for women, minorities, and early career investigators in the research workforce. We continue to urge support for emergency resources, as outlined in the RISE Act (H.R. 869/S. 289), that will allow the NIH to rebuild the nation’s strong and diverse research workforce infrastructure and continue to invest in broad and new research areas that will provide better health for patients in the future.

**NIH: A Partnership to Save Lives and Provide Hope.** The partnership between NIH and America’s scientists, medical schools, teaching hospitals, universities, and research institutions is a unique and highly productive relationship, leveraging the full strength of our nation’s research enterprise to translate this knowledge into the next generation of diagnostics, therapeutics, and cures. More than 80 percent of the NIH’s budget is competitively awarded through nearly 50,000 research and training grants to more than 300,000 researchers at over 2,500 universities and research institutions located in every state and
Washington, D.C. The federal government has an essential and irreplaceable role in supporting medical research. No other public, corporate or charitable entity is willing or able to provide the broad and sustained funding for the cutting-edge basic research necessary to yield new innovations and technologies of the future.

NIH has supported biomedical research to enhance health, lengthen life, respond to emerging health threats, and reduce illness and disability for more than 100 years. For patients and their families, NIH is the “National Institutes of Hope.” The following are a few of the many examples of how NIH research has contributed to improvements in the nation’s health.

- NIH-funded basic research laid the groundwork for the novel mRNA vaccine technology used in the first two FDA approved SARS-CoV-2 vaccines. Vaccines continue to be one of our most cost-effective public health tools with every $1 spent on routine childhood vaccinations estimated to save $5 in direct costs, and $11 in broader costs to society.

- Following nearly three decades of NIH-funded research into novel mechanisms of drug action, breakthroughs in the treatment of depression came in 2019 with two new FDA-approved drugs – one for treatment-resistant depression and the first ever treatment for postpartum depression.

- In 2007, induced pluripotent stem cells (iPSC) were discovered when adult cells were re-engineered into early non-differentiated versions of themselves. In 2019, the National Eye Institute launched a first-in-human clinical trial to test the safety of a novel patient-specific iPSC therapy to treat the most common form of Age-related Macular Degeneration, and the leading cause of vision loss in the age 65+

- NIH-supported researchers continue to work toward strategies to better prevent, identify, and treat pain and substance use disorders through the HEAL (Helping to End Addiction Long-term) Initiative. HEAL
aims to support research into new, non-addictive medication and to establish public and private partnerships to develop best practices in communities.

- Today, treatments can suppress HIV to undetectable levels, and a 20-year-old HIV-positive adult living in the U.S. who receives these treatments is expected to live into his or her early 70s, nearly as long as someone without HIV.

- The death rate for all cancers combined has declined in adults since the early 1990s and since the 1970s for children. Overall cancer death rates have dropped by 29% including a 2.2% drop from 2016 to 2017, the largest single-year drop in cancer mortality ever reported.

Sustaining Scientific Momentum Requires Sustained Funding. The leadership and staff at NIH and its Institutes and Centers have engaged the broader community to identify emerging research opportunities and urgent health needs and to prioritize precious federal dollars to areas demonstrating the greatest promise. Sustained robust increases in NIH funding are needed if we are to continue to take full advantage of these opportunities to accelerate the development of pioneering treatments and innovative prevention strategies.

One long-lasting potential impact of investments in NIH is on the next generation of scientists. Sustained increases in NIH funding over the last six years have allowed NIH to more than double the investment in early stage investigators (ESIs). In 2015, NIH only funded about 600 grants for ESIs and the career outlook for early career researchers seemed grim. In FY 2020, NIH was able to fund more than 1,400 grants for ESIs, reinvigorating the spirits of researchers in the biomedical workforce. Sustained increases are needed to allow NIH to continue support of new talent and innovation in medical research.

Even with recent investments in NIH, nearly 4 of every 5 research ideas that are proposed to NIH every year cannot be funded. Additional funding is needed if we are to strengthen our nation’s research
capacity, ensure a medical research workforce that reflects the racial and gender diversity of our citizenry, and inspire a passion for science in current and future generations of researchers.

**NIH is Critical to U.S. Competitiveness.** Our country still has the most robust medical research capacity in the world; however, other countries have significantly increased their investment in biomedical science, which leaves us vulnerable to the risk that talented medical researchers from all over the world may return to better opportunities in their home countries. We cannot afford to lose that intellectual capacity, much less the jobs and industries fueled by medical research. The U.S. has been the global leader in medical research because of Congress’s bipartisan recognition of NIH’s critical role. To continue our dominance, we must reaffirm this commitment to provide NIH the funds needed to maintain our competitive edge.

**NIH: An Answer to Challenging Times.** Research supported by NIH drives local and national economic activity, creating skilled, high-paying jobs and fostering new products and industries, and catalyzes increases in private sector investment. A $1 increase in public *basic* research stimulates an additional $8.38 investment from the private sector after eight years. A $1 increase in public *clinical* research stimulates an additional $2.35 in private sector investments after three years. [According to a United for Medical Research report](https://www.unitedformedicalresearch.org/ ), in FY 2020, NIH-funded research supported more than 536,000 jobs across the U.S. and generated more than $91 billion in economic activity.

The Ad Hoc Group’s members recognize the tremendous challenges facing our nation and acknowledge the difficult decisions that must be made to restore our country’s fiscal health. Robust funding of the NIH, and strengthening our commitment to medical research, is a critical element in ensuring the health and well-being of the American people and our economy. Therefore, for FY 2022, the Ad Hoc Group for Medical Research recommends that NIH receive at least $46.1 billion in base funding to advance the foundational research NIH supports and continue the momentum in our nation's investment in medical research.