

AAMC Workforce Studies DATA SNAPSHOT

N = 626

January 2018



N = 579

Patient and Provider Video Communication

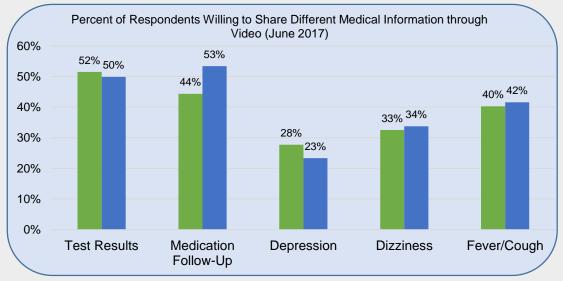
Differences and Similarities in Respondent Use and Willingness to Use Video Source: AAMC Consumer Survey of Health Care Access

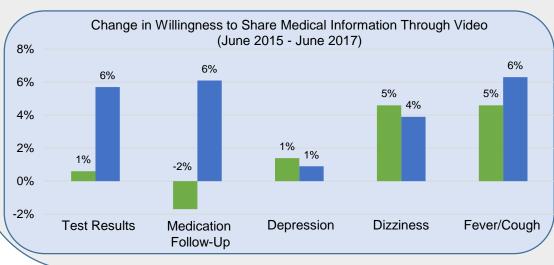
Males Report Higher Utilization of Live Video to Communicate with a Provider Percent of Male and Female Respondents Using Video Communication Male Female 30% 28% 25% Live Video: 25% The use of audiovisual technology to conduct direct, real-time patient 18% 20% care in lieu of face-to-face office visits.1 15% 11% **Key Findings:** 11% 10% Males consistently report higher 9% 10% utilization of video 5% communications with a provider 5% The gap between males and females using video communications increased to 0% 18% from 2013 to 2017 2013-2014 2014-2015 2015-2016 2016-2017

With Recent Increase in Female Willingness to Share Medical Information through Video, Willingness Now Similar to Males

N = 1,384

N = 1,038





Male Female

Key Findings:

- Despite females reporting less use of video communication with a provider, results from 2017 show that females and males are similar in their willingness to share information via video
- Willingness of females to share information via video in 2017 has changed from 2015, when women were less willing to share information

Additional Information:

For more information on the Consumer Survey of Health Care Access, please view the Data Highlights:

aamc.org/workforce

¹Center for Connected Health Policy. What is Telehealth? http://cchpca.org/what-is-telehealth.