

July 9, 2025

The Honorable Bill Cassidy
Chair
Senate Committee on Health, Education,
Labor and Pensions
Washington, DC 20510

The Honorable Bernie Sanders
Ranking Member
Senate Committee on Health, Education,
Labor and Pensions
Washington, DC 20510

The Honorable Brett Guthrie
Chair
House Committee on Energy and Commerce
Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Frank Pallone
Ranking Member
House Committee on Energy and Commerce
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Chair Cassidy, Ranking Member Sanders, Chair Guthrie, Ranking Member Pallone:

The undersigned **104 health organizations** write to urge you to protect the integrity of the United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF), supported by the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ). Since 1984, the USPSTF has employed rigorous methodologies and significant public input to formulate recommendations based on research, data, and evidence.

The USPSTF is a scientifically independent, volunteer panel of national experts in prevention and evidence-based medicine that has issued nearly 300 evidence-based recommendations across 90 different topics to support preventive care and help people live healthier, longer lives. The Task Force works to improve the health of people nationwide by making evidence-based recommendations about clinical preventive services such as screenings, counseling services, and preventive medications. The current panel of 16 members features experts in clinical medicine, scientific research, and public health, and members are appointed by HHS secretaries to serve 4-year terms. All members are extensively vetted for conflicts of interest, and their service is completely voluntary and uncompensated.

The Task Force makes recommendations for primary care and disease prevention through a rigorous, multi-step process in collaboration with the public, evidence-based practice centers (EPCs), and experts in primary care and clinical research. An A or B recommendation reflects a substantial or moderate net benefit, suggesting that the recommended service should be offered to all eligible patients. For example, the USPSTF recommends folic acid during and leading up to pregnancy to prevent neural tube defects in infants.

Federal policymakers rely on the USPSTF recommendations, including Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), and the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA). Notably, insurers must provide cost-free coverage for preventive services that have been recommended by the USPSTF, such as lung and colorectal cancer screenings, behavioral counseling, prevention of maternal depression, childhood vision screenings, adult diabetes screenings, and many more. Equally important,

clinicians across the country rely on USPSTF recommendations to ensure they are providing the most up-to-date, evidence-based care to their patients, no matter where they live.

The USPSTF practices radical transparency, with all published USPSTF recommendations being available on their [website](#), including the type of preventative service, the year it was published, the applicable population, and the grade(s). For each recommendation, the public can view the entire recommendation statement, including the accompanying evidence review, specific considerations for clinical practice, and connections to prior related USPSTF guidance.

In the wake of the ruling in *Kennedy v. Braidwood*, which verified the constitutionality of the USPSTF and reemphasized the authority that has always existed for the Secretary of HHS to appoint and remove Task Force members at will, it is critical that Congress protects the integrity of the USPSTF from intentional or unintentional political interference. The loss of trustworthiness in the rigorous and nonpartisan work of the Task Force would devastate patients, hospital systems, and payers as misinformation creates barriers to accessing lifesaving and cost effective care.

To maintain the USPSTF's objectivity, effectiveness, and public trust, the following structures of the Task Force must remain intact:

- **Limited 4-year terms for members** to ensure that the panel evolves alongside scientific developments.
- **Staggered membership rotation (about one-quarter of members rotate off each year)** to provide continuity and institutional knowledge.
- **Membership consists of experienced primary care clinicians** from institutions across the United States, ensuring both relevant expertise and broad geographic representation.
- **Volunteer service** to eliminate financial incentives and reinforce independence.
- **Rigorous conflict-of-interest vetting** is conducted for all candidates and reviewed by AHRQ, both before appointment and as each new topic review begins.
- **Open member nominations process** announced annually in the *Federal Register*, encouraging broad public participation.
- **Scientific and public health input into appointments** as USPSTF and AHRQ leadership review all nominations, interview promising candidates, and then recommend to the Secretary who should be appointed.
- **The Secretary has endorsed and appointed all of the USPSTF's recommended members**, preserving scientific integrity across administrations.

The USPSTF's transparent, rigorous, and scientifically independent process is a national asset. It is why clinicians trust the Task Force's guidance, why patients follow its advice, and why lawmakers linked its recommendations to health coverage. We urge Congress to protect and preserve the USPSTF's current structure and operations to ensure that everyone continues to benefit from trusted, evidence-based preventive care.

Signed,

AcademyHealth
 Alliance for Women's Health and Prevention
 American Academy of Allergy, Asthma & Immunology
 American Academy of Family Physicians
 American Academy of Pediatrics
 American Association for Dental, Oral, and Craniofacial Research
 American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy
 American Association of Post-Acute Care Nursing
 American Association on Health and Disability
 American Board of Family Medicine
 American Board of Medical Specialties
 American College of Clinical Pharmacy
 American College of Emergency Physicians
 American College of Gastroenterology
 American College of Medical Genetics and Genomics
 American College of Neuropsychopharmacology
 American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists
 American College of Physicians
 American Gastroenterological Association
 American Health Information Management Association (AHIMA)
 American Liver Foundation
 American Medical Association
 American Medical Informatics Association (AMIA)
 American Neurological Association
 American Osteopathic Association
 American Psychiatric Association
 American Psychological Association Services
 American Public Health Association
 American Society for Gastrointestinal Endoscopy
 American Society of Clinical Psychopharmacology
 American Society of Nephrology
 American Society of Pediatric Nephrology

Amputee Coalition
 Association for Behavioral and Cognitive Therapies
 Association for Diagnostics & Laboratory Medicine
 Association for Prevention Teaching and Research
 Association of American Cancer Institutes
 Association of American Medical Colleges
 Association of Departments of Family Medicine
 Association of Schools and Programs of Public Health
 Coalition for National Trauma Research
 Colon Cancer Coalition
 Comagine Health
 Consortium of Social Science Associations
 Consumers Advancing Patient Safety
 Council of Medical Specialty Societies
 Elation Health
 Epilepsy Foundation of America
 Fight Colorectal Cancer
 FORCE: Facing Our Risk of Cancer Empowered
 Gateway Business Health Coalition
 Gerontological Society of America
 Health Care Systems Research Network
 Health Hats
 Health Policy Expert
 HealthPartners. Institute
 Healthy Teen Network
 HealthyWomen
 HIV+Hepatitis Policy Institute
 Hydrocephalus Association
 Infusion Access Foundation
 Islamic Civic Engagement Project
 Lakeshore Foundation
 Learning Health Community
 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS) Foundation
 Lupus and Allied Diseases Association, Inc.
 March of Dimes
 Mass General Brigham
 MEDIS, LLC

MGH Stoeckle Center for Primary Care
Innovation
NAPCRG
National Accelerator for Discovery in
Precision Health
National Association of Nurse Practitioners
in Women's Health
National Association of Pediatric Nurse
Practitioners
National Committee for Quality Assurance
National Headache Foundation
National Health Council
National Infusion Center Association
National Kidney Foundation
National Nurse-Led Care Consortium
National Partnership for Women & Families
National Patient Advocate Foundation
National Psoriasis Foundation
National Rural Health Association
Nurses Organization of Veterans Affairs
(NOVA)
Patient is Partner, LLC
Post-Acute and Long-Term Care Medical
Association
Prevent Blindness
Primary Care Collaborative
Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of
America
Society for Maternal-Fetal Medicine
Society for Public Health Education
Society of General Internal Medicine
Society of Teachers of Family Medicine
Spina Bifida Association
Stratis Health
Texas Health Resources
The Larry A. Green Center
The Leapfrog Group
The Lundquist Research Institute
The National Alliance to Advance
Adolescent Health/Got Transition
The National Nurse-Led Consortium
University of Michigan Institute for
Healthcare Policy and Innovation
University of Utah Health