

ASSOCIATION OF  
AMERICAN  
MEDICAL COLLEGES

MINUTES  
*of the* PROCEEDINGS  
*of the*

FORTY-SIXTH ANNUAL MEETING

*Held in*  
TORONTO, CANADA  
OCTOBER 28, 29 and 30, 1935



*Office of the Secretary*  
Five South Wabash Avenue  
Chicago, Illinois



## FIRST DAY Monday, October 28

The first session of the forty-sixth annual meeting of the Association was held in Hart House, University of Toronto, Toronto, Canada.

The meeting was called to order by the president, Dr. Ross V. Patterson, at 10 A. M.

Announcements as to local arrangements, trips and points of interest were made by Dr. E. Stanley Ryerson, associate dean and secretary of the Faculty of Medicine of the University of Toronto, in charge of local arrangements.

The regular program was then taken up, as published.

The first paper was presented by Dr. Edward C. Schneider, Wesleyan University. It was entitled, "Aims and Trends in Teaching Biology."

Professor Harry N. Holmes, Oberlin College, followed with a paper entitled "Undergraduate Chemistry as Relating to Medical Education."

The paper prepared by the late Professor K. K. Smith, entitled "Physics and the Premedical Student," was read by the secretary.

Dr. J. Parsons Schaeffer, Jefferson Medical College, presented a paper entitled "Preparation for the Study of Anatomy in the Medical School."

Dr. Brenton R. Lutz, Boston University, presented a paper entitled "Physiology and Premedical Training."

Dr. R. K. Cannan, New York University, concluded the symposium with a paper entitled "The Physical Sciences in the Training of the Physician."

These six papers were discussed by: Drs. Wm. A. Perlzweig, Duke University; Beverly Douglas, Vanderbilt University; W. C. MacTavish, New York University; C. C. Macklin, University of Western Ontario; Edward C. Schneider, J. Parsons Schaeffer, Brenton R. Lutz and R. K. Cannan.

DR. ROLLIN L. CHARLES (Franklin and Marshall College): On behalf of those of us who are not members of the Association of American Medical Colleges, I want to express our thanks for the opportunity given us to hear these papers. We are teachers and are intensively interested in preparing the premedical men to do the best kind of work in our schools. We have learned a tremendous lot here, and we hope we will be invited again to attend your meetings.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: I am quite sure I express general sentiment when I say we are indebted to all of those who presented papers and who have taken part in the discussion, but particularly are we indebted to those gentlemen who are engaged in the training of students preliminary to their entrance on medical study, and to those who came with them as an evidence of their interest in this very important undertaking. We extend to them our thanks.

There was one paper presented, however, which was the work of one no longer with us, and to whom, of course, we cannot express our appreciation. It was a scholarly paper.

Would it be appropriate in the circumstances to express to his family through a message our condolence and an expression of appreciation of the value of that paper which was read to you by our Secretary?

It was moved and seconded that that be the action of the Association.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: Then, if generally agreeable, we will ask our Secretary to convey to the surviving members of his family an expression of our regret at his untimely passing, and our appreciation of the paper he prepared.

Adjourned at 1:15 P. M.

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The afternoon of this day was devoted to visiting the various departments of the medical school.

In the evening, the delegates and their friends met at dinner in the Royal York Hotel and listened to delightful addresses delivered by the Honorable Dr. H. A. Bruce, Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario; the Honorable H. J. Cody, president of the University of Toronto and Dr. Ross V. Patterson, president of the Association of American Medical Colleges.

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## SECOND DAY

Tuesday, October 29

The delegates met again in Hart House and were called to order by President Patterson at 9:30 A. M.

The program for this session was prepared by the faculty of the University of Toronto.

Papers were presented as follows:

"The Six Year Medical Course of the University of Toronto," by Dr. J. G. Fitzgerald, Dean.

"Medicine," by Dr. Duncan Graham.

"Pediatrics," by Dr. Alan Brown.

"Surgery," by Dr. W. E. Gallie.

"Hygiene and Preventive Medicine," by Dr. J. G. Fitzgerald.

"Psychology," by Dr. E. A. Bott.

"Psychiatry," by Dr. C. B. Farrar.

On motion, duly seconded and carried, a vote of thanks was given to the Faculty of Medicine of the University of Toronto for the splendid program presented.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: I desire to make an addition to this program on a matter which has interested you all, and that concerns the aptitude test. Most of you will recall the discussion of one year ago in which it was voted in the executive session that, without interruption of the progress of the aptitude test and the work done, a study be undertaken by the Executive Council in any way that it feels it ought to be done in order to determine the validity of the test and its value to the Association as a whole.

Under the instructions contained in the adoption of the resolution, the Executive Council after consideration voted:

"1. The Secretary collect data on the tests in his possession.

"2. That certain medical schools, specifically, Jefferson Medical College, St. Louis University School of Medicine, Harvard Medical School, Stanford University School of Medicine, and the University of Minnesota Medical School, be

requested to make an analysis of the test so far as it pertains to each one of these schools.

"3. That one or more experts be selected by the Executive Council to review the results of the test.

"4. That the Committee on Aptitude Tests be requested to make an analysis of the results obtained thus far and present such analysis to the Executive Council."

All of those procedures have been carried out by a committee which originally consisted of Dr. Chesney, Dr. Cathcart, Dr. Hale, Dr. Thorpe, and Dr. Sollmann. Dr. Sollmann felt he should withdraw from the committee and I believe took no part in the activities of the committee itself. Dr. Cathcart also withdrew because of his withdrawal as associate dean at Columbia, leaving the committee finally with Dr. Chesney, Dr. Hale and Dr. Thorpe.

That committee has given the aptitude test careful study and has prepared a report of too great length to permit of presentation to the meeting at this time with the crowded condition of our program for each day. The report has been presented to the Executive Council, and copies have been transmitted to the Committee on Aptitude Test. I think you would be interested in hearing a brief epitome of that report from the chairman, Dr. Chesney, at this time, since it bears upon business that will come before the Executive Council this evening. With your permission, I am going to ask Dr. Chesney if he will present to you a brief epitome of the report, which will be printed in full later on in the JOURNAL, and which I hope you will all attentively read.

Dr. Alan M. Chesney gave a brief summary of the report of the Committee on Evaluation of the Aptitude Test.

DR. TORALD SOLLMANN (Western Reserve University): The Aptitude Test Committee feels very grateful to Dr. Chesney and his committee for the careful study they have made.

I may say that my excuse for not serving was that I believed it would be better to leave the committee unembarrassed by the presence of members of the original committee.

We naturally feel gratified that this independent committee, which had no previous interest whatever in the test, should arrive at conclusions that are identical with those of the Aptitude Test Committee. We had no doubt that they would.

The conclusion of the committee is that the test has value if it is properly utilized by the college, and that depends upon the college. As Dr. Thorndyke remarks, the test isn't the last word. The committee is constantly modifying it, trying to improve it, because we feel the chief element in its improvement is experience, with changes in one direction or another and seeing how these may work out.

The difficulties with the test, however, are not chiefly in the test but in its application, and the scope of the information that the test furnishes must be understood. It does not predict the chances of making a success of practicing medicine. It pretends to predict only the chances in the study of medicine. It

does not predict whether a man is going to have manual dexterity as a surgeon, nor does it predict his health, his stamina, his family background, or any of those things. It predicts only his chance of studying medicine. It does aim to predict his chance—I am emphasizing chance—for being a brilliant student, a rank and file student, a trailer, or a failure. It does not pretend to show what standing he will make, but what chance he has. It deals with averages. It is a good deal like life insurance expectation tables which predict, not how long you are going to live, but what your chances are of living to this time or the other time.

Most of the criticisms and disappointments, I think, have been based on this misunderstanding, when there is an occasional student who did poorly on his aptitude test, and is now doing brilliantly as a medical student, and vice versa. The test cannot see whether a man is going to have an emotional upset on the day when he takes his test or whether, when he gets to the medical school, he is going to become slack, fall in love, or any of these personal things. You can only predict what his chances are if he keeps up with the average. The test does say that with a great deal of accuracy.

Of course in the final selection, one must compound this with what other information is available, both as scholastic grades and background. Scholastic college grades predict quite well, but not well as the test. A much greater number of men who make good students would be kept out by applying only the scholastic tests than by applying only the aptitude test, or a combination. The combination, of course, is the best in that direction.

One of the things that comes in was illustrated in Dr. Lutz' analysis yesterday morning, where he found that taking the scholastic grades gave twice as good a correlation when all the students came from one college than if they came from several colleges. Nearly all of us draw our students from a group of colleges, and we might not need the aptitude test if we drew all our students from one college, but we don't, and we must take this into account. The more intelligence we use in our selection, the better also will be the correlation of the aptitude test.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: I wish to make two announcements, the first with regard to the attendance. There are eighty-one member colleges in this Association, and apparently all but five are represented. It may be there are representatives from some of the five who have not yet registered. If so, will they please do so? Those five schools are: Indiana, Yale, University of South Carolina, George Washington and Oregon. So far, at the opening of this morning's session, there were 177 delegates registered.

Following the usual practice, the Chair announces the appointment of a Nominating Committee as follows:

Dr. C. W. M. Poynter, Nebraska.

Dr. Frank L. Babbott, Jr., New York.

Dr. Lee E. Sutton, Jr., Virginia.

Adjourned at 1:00 P. M.

## EXECUTIVE SESSION

Tuesday, October 29, 1935

The Executive Session of the Forty-sixth annual meeting of the Association of American Medical Colleges, held at the Royal York Hotel, Toronto, Ontario, was called to order by President Ross V. Patterson at 8:40 P. M.

### ROLL CALL

The first order of business was the roll call.

The secretary announced that seventy-six of the eighty-one medical schools in membership were represented by one or more delegates, as follows:

University of Alabama School of Medicine.—Stuart Graves.  
College of Medical Evangelists.—Percy T. Magan; Edw. H. Risley.  
Stanford University School of Medicine.—Loren R. Chandler.  
University of California Medical School.—C. L. A. Schmidt.  
McGill University of Medicine.—C. F. Martin; J. C. Simpson.  
University of Toronto Faculty of Medicine.—Jas. G. Fitzgerald, E. S. Ryerson.  
University of Colorado School of Medicine.—Maurice H. Rees.  
Georgetown University School of Medicine.—David V. McCauley, Eugene R. Whitmore, Jas. A. Cahill.  
Howard University School of Medicine.—Numa P. G. Adams.  
Emory University School of Medicine.—Russell H. Oppenheimer.  
University of Georgia School of Medicine.—G. Lombard Kelly, V. P. Sydenstricker.  
Loyola University School of Medicine.—T. H. Ahearn, L. D. Moorhead.  
Northwestern University Medical School.—Irving S. Cutter, J. Roscoe Miller.  
University of Chicago Medical Schools.—A. C. Bachmeyer, B. C. H. Harvey.  
University of Illinois College of Medicine.—D. J. Davis.  
University of Iowa College of Medicine.—E. M. MacEwen, John T. McClintock.  
University of Kansas School of Medicine.—H. R. Wahl.  
University of Louisville School of Medicine.—John W. Moore.  
Louisiana State University School of Medicine.—B. I. Burns.  
Tulane University of Louisiana School of Medicine.—C. C. Bass.  
Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine.—Alan M. Chesney.  
University of Maryland School of Medicine.—J. M. H. Rowland.  
Boston University School of Medicine.—A. S. Begg, Brenton R. Lutz.  
Harvard Medical School.—C. Sidney Burwell.  
Tufts College Medical School.—A. W. Stearns.  
University of Michigan Medical School.—A. C. Furstenberg, C. W. Edmunds, H. M. Pollard.  
Wayne University College of Medicine.—W. H. MacCraken, Frances L. MacCraken.  
University of Minnesota Medical School.—H. S. Diehl, E. P. Lyons.  
University of Minnesota Graduate School.—Louis B. Wilson.  
University of Mississippi School of Medicine.—A. B. Butts, B. S. Guyton.  
St. Louis University School of Medicine.—A. M. Schwitalla, C. H. Neilson, Alver H. Kerper.

University of Missouri School of Medicine.—Dudley S. Conley.  
 Washington University School of Medicine.—W. McKim Marriott.  
 Creighton University School of Medicine.—J. J. McNerney, B. M. Riley.  
 University of Nebraska College of Medicine.—C. W. M. Poynter.  
 Dartmouth Medical School.—John P. Bowler.  
 Albany Medical College.—Thomas Ordway, Arthur Knudson, Harold S. Rypins.  
 Columbia University College of Physicians and Surgeons and New York Post-graduate Medical School.—R. B. Allen.  
 Cornell University Medical College.—Wm. S. Ladd, Abram T. Kerr.  
 Long Island College of Medicine.—Frank L. Babbott, Jr.; Wade W. Oliver.  
 New York Homeopathic Medical College.—Claude A. Burrett; J. A. W. Hetrich.  
 New York University College of Medicine.—John Wyckoff, Arthur C. DeGraff, R. K. Cannan, W. C. MacTavish.  
 Syracuse University College of Medicine.—H. G. Weiskotten, Daniel F. Gillett, Robert K. Brewer.  
 University of Buffalo School of Medicine.—E. W. Koch, F. J. Hall, A. R. Shadle, W. H. Spencer.  
 University of Rochester School of Medicine.—W. K. Bloor.  
 Duke University School of Medicine.—W. C. Davidson, Wm. A. Perlzweig, F. H. Sweet, Dick MacDonald, G. S. Eadie.  
 University of North Carolina School of Medicine.—Frank P. Graham, Wm. deB. MacNider.  
 Wake Forest College School of Medicine.—Thurman D. Kitchin, Coy C. Carpenter.  
 University of North Dakota School of Medicine.—H. L. French.  
 Ohio State University College of Medicine.—J. H. J. Upham.  
 University of Cincinnati College of Medicine.—Albert Friedlander, T. J. LeBlanc.  
 Western Reserve University School of Medicine.—Torald Sollmann, Jos. M. Hayman.  
 University of Oklahoma School of Medicine.—Robert U. Patterson.  
 Hahnemann Medical College.—W. A. Pearson, L. T. Ashcroft.  
 Jefferson Medical College.—Ross V. Patterson, J. Parsons Schaeffer.  
 Temple University School of Medicine.—Wm. N. Parkinson, Geo. P. Rosemond, W. E. Bumers.  
 University of Pennsylvania School of Medicine and Graduate School of Medicine.—Wm. Pepper, Edward S. Thorpe, Jr.  
 University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine.—R. R. Higgins, W. S. McElroy.  
 Woman's Medical College.—Miriam Butler, Catherine Arthur.  
 University of South Dakota School of Medicine.—J. C. Ohlmacher.  
 Meharry Medical College.—John J. Mallowney.  
 Vanderbilt University School of Medicine.—Beverly Douglas.  
 University of Tennessee College of Medicine.—O. W. Hyman.  
 Baylor University College of Medicine.—W. H. Moursund.  
 University of Texas Medical School.—Wm. S. Carter.  
 University of Utah School of Medicine.—L. L. Daines.  
 University of Vermont College of Medicine.—J. N. Jenne.



Medical College of Virginia.—Lee E. Sutton, Jr.; Frank L. Apperly, H. B. Haag, S. S. Negus.

University of Virginia Department of Medicine.—J. C. Flippin.

West Virginia University School of Medicine—Edw. J. van Liere.

Marquette University School of Medicine.—A. H. Behrens, Eben J. Carey.

University of Wisconsin Medical School.—Wm. S. Middleton.

#### OTHERS PRESENT

The following representatives of non-member medical schools, colleges and universities, and organizations interested in medical education were announced as being in attendance on the annual meeting of the Association, but not participating in the executive session:

University of Arkansas School of Medicine, Frank Vinsonhaler; University of Southern California School of Medicine, B. H. Raulston; Faculty of Medicine Dalhousie University, H. G. Grant; Queen's University Faculty of Medicine, F. H. Etherington; University of Western Ontario Faculty of Medicine, F. J. H. Campbell, C. C. Macklin; Laval University Faculty of Medicine, A. Maheux, A. R. Potvin; B. H. Nellans, Eclectic Medical College; G. H. Mundt, Chicago Medical School; F. A. Moss, Committee on Aptitude Test; Lester J. Evans, Commonwealth Fund; Wm. D. Cutter, Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the American Medical Association; Everett S. Elwood, National Board of Medical Examiners; J. A. Curran, New York Committee on Hospital Internships and Residencies; Niagara University, John Regan, G. B. Banks; University of Maine, J. M. Murray; Oberlin College, Harry N. Holmes; Wesleyan University, Edw. C. Schneider; Franklin and Marshall College, Rollin L. Charles, Fred S. Foster; Alfred University, H. O. Burdick, C. M. Potter; Canisius College, J. H. Crowdle, J. P. Delaney; West China Union University, L. G. and R. G. Kilborn, A. W. Lindsay; St. Thomas College, E. Reinhard; University of Toronto, W. H. T. Baillie, C. H. Best, E. F. Burton, Duncan Graham, J. C. B. Grant, W. H. Martin, G. D. Porter, Alan Brown, W. E. Gallie, E. A. Bott, C. B. Farrar, W. L. Robinson, H. Wasteneys, J. C. Watt, V. E. Henderson, E. A. Linell, D'Arcy Frawley, H. C. Parsons, D. T. Fraser, A. W. Ham.

#### MINUTES OF 1934 ANNUAL MEETING.

The secretary submitted the minutes of the 1934 meeting as printed. A copy had been sent to the dean of each member college.

It was regularly moved, seconded and carried that the minutes of the 1934 meeting be approved as printed.

## Report of Secretary

The secretary presented the following report:

#### MEMBERSHIP

The membership of the Association remains unchanged. Eighty-one medical schools are in membership, seventy-one four-year schools and ten two-year schools. Of the four-year schools, three are located in Canada. One member school is a graduate school; one is a graduate and postgraduate school; and one is a post-graduate school.

## APPLICATIONS FOR MEMBERSHIP

There are pending applications for membership from the following schools:  
School of Medicine of the University of Arkansas, Little Rock.  
School of Medicine of the University of Southern California, Los Angeles.  
Faculty of Medicine of Dalhousie University, Halifax, Nova Scotia.  
Faculty of Medicine of the University of Alberta, Edmonton.

## STUDY OF STUDENT ACCOMPLISHMENT

This study, which was begun in 1928, has attracted a great deal of attention and is now being carried on in cooperation with the arts colleges from which our medical students come. These people are intensely interested and are anxious to have us extend this study from the freshman class to the remaining three classes in the curriculum, which, of course, can be done but not with the present small office force. However, if it should prove sufficiently worth while, the necessary arrangements to carry on the work can, doubtless, be made.

We report to these colleges on the standing of their students in the medical school with reference to the upper, middle and lower third standing in class, and they report back to us the standing of these students in the same relationship while in the arts college, which permits of correlative study. One such study, bearing on the class of 1933, was published in the JOURNAL in May, 1935, p. 184.

This study has gone even further into the consciousness of the arts colleges, inasmuch as it has led to a considerable revision of the curriculum and also to the appointment by these colleges of committees on recommendation of students to medical schools. They feel quite keenly that they should have a voice in the acceptance of students by medical schools on the basis of their being recommended by the college. These committees will assist admitting officers in the selection of students in connection with other criteria employed.

This study, together with all the other studies that have been in progress for some years, is being used now by state licensing boards. These boards are asking about the standing of individuals applying for licensure. They want to know something about his history in college. That information can easily be supplied by means of the study of applicants, the student register and the study of student accomplishment.

Recently, there have also come into the office, through an activity that was tentatively initiated by the Council in June, the Intern Placement Bureau, requests from hospitals who have appointed interns, asking for the history of these interns before a definite decision as to their acceptance or rejection is made.

The student register, the study of applicants, and the study of student accomplishment have been particularly valuable in checking over the lists of the freshman classes of medical schools, in that we are able to report on repeaters, of which the medical schools know nothing. We found that a considerable number of the repeaters in the medical schools had not been reported as such by the medical schools, and on correspondence with the school it was found they did not know that these chaps were repeaters. It was a simple matter for the office to check on them, because one study would disclose it and the others would verify the fact that this man was a repeater, not necessarily always on the basis of

scholarship, as he may have withdrawn because of illness, for example, or because of illness or death in the family or some other reason not having to do with poor scholarship.

#### STUDY OF APPLICANTS

The study of applicants has tremendous value in connection with the work the Association is doing in the evaluation of the credentials of American students seeking admission to foreign medical schools. That work is still going on, having begun in 1930 as an individual effort of the secretary in response to the request made by the General Medical Council of Great Britain. Two years ago it was made official by the Executive Council.

When the work was first begun in 1930, between 600 and 700 applications were evaluated. The number gradually dwindled, until this year, up to the time of leaving the office, there were only thirty-four applications. True, only such applications of American students come into the General Medical Council's office as represent students who wish to go on the British medical student register. Students who do not go on this register do not pass through the office of the General Medical Council. But there has been another check on this situation by means of the list of students furnished the office for a check-up by Dr. Cutter of the Council on Medical Education. We found that a considerable number of the students were multiple applicants with us. In fact, nearly all of the students whose credentials were evaluated either had been dropped by one of our medical schools or who had been refused admission.

This year there were no applications from Germany and none from Austria.

#### NEWS BULLETIN

The News Bulletin was authorized by the Executive Council in June, 1935, as a means of communication between the office and the colleges, containing matter that was more or less confidential, hence could not be published in the JOURNAL, and also information that was not suitable for the JOURNAL. The Bulletin is not issued regularly, although thus far we have issued one a month since its institution.

#### STUDENT REGISTER

Another of the studies being made by this Association is the preparation of a student register. It was begun with the freshman class of 1932. This register is a sort of curriculum vitae, beginning with the student's application for admission to medical school; his preparation for the study of medicine; his record in medical school until his graduation and, finally, data on his internship. Inasmuch as all of these data are furnished directly by the medical schools, it must be presumed that they are correct, although the data on premedical study have previously not been reliable. However, the Executive Council has ordered that each medical school fill in a special blank prepared for this purpose on which will be recorded all data bearing on the student individually for purposes of identification and exactness of information and his educational record previous to entering the medical school. Thus, it is hoped that whatever information may be on file

in the office of the Association will be correct in every particular. By means of this register and the cards composing the file on the study of accomplishment and the application cards, it will be impossible for a repeater to hide behind mis-statements or fraudulent practices.

This file now contains about 20,000 cards.

#### JOURNAL

The JOURNAL of this Association is now in its tenth volume. The number of advertisements are increasing and there is every reason to believe that they will continue to increase, thus lessening the cost of this publication to the Association. The mailing list of the JOURNAL underwent a biennial revision this year. Revisions are made constantly in the office on the basis of information derived from many sources so as to keep the list as nearly up to date as possible. The member colleges are urged to keep in mind the need for revision as changes in faculty occur.

The secretary is very grateful to the colleges which now furnish news items for publication and asks for a continuance of this help.

#### INTERN PLACEMENT BUREAU

In June, 1935, the Executive Committee appointed a committee to consider the establishment of an intern placement bureau which would in a volunteer capacity, giving service to graduates seeking internships, to the hospitals by assisting in the selection of interns. The bureau can also relieve the deans of a great deal of work connected with the placement of their graduates in internships. In other words, it is intended to be a central office for filling internships.

The plan has been submitted to the three hospital associations, the American Hospital Association, the American Protestant Hospital Association and the Catholic Hospital Association. It meets with unanimous approval. Each of these associations has appointed committees to cooperate with this Association in setting up a plan of procedure. This joint committee will meet in the near future and the results of that meeting will determine how this work can be carried on in the best interests of all parties concerned.

Respectfully submitted,

FRED C. ZAPFFE, Secretary.

## Report of Treasurer

Dr. B. C. H. Harvey submitted the following report:

I submit herewith my report as treasurer covering the year terminating August 31, 1935.

The books of the Association were audited by Catherine S. Mitchell of the Comptroller's Office of the University of Chicago, as authorized by the president of the Association, and her report was submitted to the Council. They have approved it.

The financial statements attached show in detail the financial condition of the Association as of August 31, 1935, and summarize its operations during the year then terminating.

Expenditures for the year are within the total budget estimate, although appropriations for several accounts were supplemented by transfer from the Contingency Fund or from other appropriations. All such transfers appear in a special statement attached to the financial report submitted. Each was authorized by the Executive Council or by the president.

The total expenditure authorized in the budget for 1934-1935 was \$25,227.50. The actual amount of expenditures for that year was \$21,930.93. The actual amount of income was \$23,502.42, showing an excess income of \$1,571.49.

The surplus of the Association on August 31, 1934, was \$19,449.51. On August 31, 1935, it was \$21,021.00.

All dues for 1934-1935 have been paid.

The University of Minnesota has paid dues for two memberships during the year, one for the Medical School, and one for the Graduate School. No other university has paid dues for more than one membership.

On account of the absence of the treasurer in Europe during the Summer of 1935, the Executive Council appointed Dr. A. C. Bachmeyer acting treasurer from June 1 to October 1. The treasurer thanks Dr. Bachmeyer for the careful and efficient performance of the treasurer's duties during that period.

ASSOCIATION OF AMERICAN MEDICAL COLLEGES  
TRIAL BALANCE—AUGUST 31, 1935

	Dr.	Cr.
General Cash .....	\$13,217.26	
Aptitude Test Committee Cash .....	9,888.74	
General—Cash Advance .....	60.00	
Aptitude Test Committee—Cash Advance.....	75.00	
Membership Application Deposit.....		\$ 400.00
A. T. C.—Accumulated Net Income.....		7,426.52
General Accumulated Net Income.....		12,022.99
Dues Income .....		11,850.00
Advertising Income .....		1,256.11
Journal Sales and Subscription Income .....		48.00
A. T. C. Income .....		10,348.31
Deferred Income .....		1,820.00
Journal's Publication Expense .....	2,660.55	
Journal's Postage Expense .....	128.02	
Secretary's Salary .....	5,000.00	
Secretary's Stenographic Salary .....	1,200.00	
Secretary's Office Rent .....	1,200.00	
Secretary's Stationery, Printing, Supplies.....	193.08	
Secretary's General Postage.....	115.70	
Secretary's Telephone and Light.....	62.71	
Secretary's New Equipment.....	486.79	
Secretary's Miscellaneous Expense .....	141.97	

Treasurer's Clerical and Stenographic Salaries.....	190.50	
Treasurer's Bond and Audit Expense.....	100.00	
Treasurer's Postage and Miscellaneous Expense.....	13.14	
Annual Meeting Expense .....	488.99	
Travel—Committee on Educational Policies.....	61.82	
Travel—Visiting Colleges.....	724.60	
Educational Research—Student Accomplishment.....	40.34	
Educational Research—Study of Applicants.....	1,021.65	
Executive Council Travel.....	189.98	
A. T. C.—Technical and Statistical Salaries.....	2,540.00	
A. T. C.—Clerical and Stenographic Salaries.....	1,414.13	
A. T. C.—Statistical Studies.....	510.00	
A. T. C.—Printing Expense .....	607.61	
A. T. C.—Rent .....	600.00	
A. T. C.—Advertising and Transportation of Tests.....	585.28	
A. T. C.—Honorarium, Travel, etc.....	1,458.70	
A. T. C.—Equipment Purchases .....	95.37	
Membership Dues .....	100.00	
<b>TOTAL.....</b>	<b>\$45,171.93</b>	<b>\$45,171.93</b>

### BALANCE SHEET

FROM SEPTEMBER 1, 1934, THROUGH AUGUST 31, 1935

	Total	General	A.T.C.
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash in Bank.....	\$23,106.00	\$13,217.26	\$9,888.74
Petty Cash .....	135.00	60.00	75.00
	<b>\$23,241.00</b>	<b>\$13,277.26</b>	<b>\$9,963.74</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND NET WORTH</b>			
Accounts Payable .....	20.00	20.00	
Membership Applications			
University of Arkansas.....	100.00	100.00	
University of Southern California.....	150.00	150.00	
Dalhousie University .....	150.00	150.00	
Deferred Income—Dues.....	1,800.00	1,800.00	
Accumulated Net Income.....	21,021.00	11,057.26	9,963.74
	<b>\$23,241.00</b>	<b>\$13,277.26</b>	<b>\$9,963.74</b>

**TRANSFERS MADE IN APPROPRIATIONS DURING YEAR 1934-1935  
AND AUTHORITY FOR SAME**

FROM	AMOUNT	AUTHORITY
Contingency to Secretary—Surety Bond.....	\$12.50	Pres. 12/17/34
Contingency to Secretary—Stationery & Printing.....	95.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Secretary—Tel. & Light to Contingency.....	35.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Contingency to Secretary—New Equipment.....	337.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Secretary—Miscellaneous to Contingency.....	30.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Treasurer Office Salary to Treas. Office Surety Bond....	25.00	Pres. 12/17/34
Treasurer Office Salary to Contingency.....	75.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Treasurer Office Post. & Misc. to Contingency.....	25.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Journal's Publication to Contingency.....	500.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Journal's Publication to Journal's Postage.....	5.00	Ex. Coun. 10/28/35
Ann. Mtg.—Travel Exp. to Ann. Mtg. Reporting.....	5.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Ann. Mtg.—Pub. Min. to Ann. Mtg. Programs, etc.....	5.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Travel Exp.—Vis. Col. to Contingency.....	1,200.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Contingencies to Travel—Com. on Ed. Pol.....	62.00	Pres. Ap. 12/14/34
Contingencies—(A.T.C.) to Tech. & Stat. Sal. (A.T.C.)	140.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Contingencies—(A.T.C.) to Addl. Cler. Help (A.T.C.)	115.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Contingencies—(A.T.C.) to Printing (A.T.C.).....	9.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Contingencies—(A.T.C.) to Trans. of Tests & Adv. (A.T.C.) .....	100.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Contingencies—(A.T.C.) to Travel—Dr. Moss.....	41.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Educ. Res.—Stud. Acc. to Ed. Res. Applicants.....	150.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Contingencies to Ed. Res. Applicants.....	250.00	Ex. Coun. 6/9/35
Contingencies to Ed. Res. Applicants.....	200.00	Ex. Coun. 2/17/35

**SUMMARY**

Original Contingency .....	\$2,000.00
Transfers to—as listed above.....	1,865.00
	<u>\$3,865.00</u>
Transfers from—as listed above.....	1,361.50
	<u><u>\$2,503.50</u></u>

Respectfully submitted,

B. C. H. HARVEY, Treasurer.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: The report of the treasurer was examined by the Executive Council and approved.

On motion, duly seconded, the Executive Council's action was approved.

## Report of the Executive Council

DR. PATTERSON: The first item in the report of the Executive Council concerns the University of Georgia and the University of Mississippi. These two schools were, by action of the Association, placed on probation. The recommendation of the Executive Council is that probation be continued.

On motion, duly seconded, this action was approved.

It is recommended by the Executive Council that the Women's Medical College of Philadelphia and the School of Medicine of the West Virginia University be placed on probation. This recommendation is based on an inspection of these two schools by inspectors representing this Association. As a result of the information gained thereby and other information, the Executive Council recommends this action.

On motion, duly seconded, the action of the Executive Council was approved.

The Executive Council desires to report on the status of applications for membership at present pending. First, the University of Southern California: that action cannot be taken until an inspection is made. It is the plan of the Executive Council to make this inspection before the next meeting of this Association and to present a recommendation based on the results of that inspection and such other information as may come to the Council.

The University of Arkansas is exactly in the same status. No inspection has recently been made. The school is now ready for an inspection, which will be made within the next few months, after which the Council will be prepared to make a recommendation.

Dalhousie University: This college has been inspected. The Executive Council, however, recommended that action be postponed for one year.

The University of Alberta has made application for membership. No inspection has been made of that school so that the Council is not prepared to make any recommendation with regard to that application.

The Executive Council, in conformity with the constitutional duty imposed on it, presents a budget for the ensuing year. This budget is substantially the same as the budget presented one year ago. It differs in some small particulars by reason of the experience of the last year in which, as the Treasurer told you, some unexpended portions of items in the budget were transferred to other items in which there was a deficit. The total expenditures of last year came within the total budget appropriation. Certain items cannot be estimated accurately as to the amount of money that will be required, not any very great departure, as it amounts to small sums in certain instances.

#### BUDGET PROPOSED FOR 1935-1936

##### INCOME

Dues .....	\$11,850.00	
Advertising .....	1,200.00	
Aptitude Tests .....	10,250.00	
Journal Sales and Subscriptions.....	48.00	
From Accumulated Income.....	<u>3,817.50</u>	\$27,165.50

##### EXPENSES

###### Secretary's Office

Secretary's Salary .....	\$5,000.00
Stenographer's Salary .....	1,200.00
Office Rent .....	1,200.00
Stationery, Printing and Supplies.....	200.00
Postage .....	150.00



Telephone and Light .....	65.00		
New Equipment .....	150.00		
Surety Bond .....	25.00		
Miscellaneous .....	1,120.00	<b>\$9,110.00</b>	
<b>Treasurer's Office</b>			
Clerical and Stenographic Salaries.....	200.00		
Surety Bond .....	50.00		
Auditing Fees .....	25.00		
Postage and Miscellaneous.....	25.00	<b>300.00</b>	
<b>JOURNAL</b>			
Publications .....	3,000.00		
Postage .....	150.00	<b>3,150.00</b>	
<b>Travel Expense</b>			
Visiting Colleges .....	2,000.00		
Executive Council Meetings .....	250.00		
Committee on Educational Policies.....	100.00	<b>2,350.00</b>	
American Council on Education .....	100.00	<b>100.00</b>	
<b>Annual Meetings</b>			
Travel Expense—Secretary .....	100.00		
Reporting Meetings .....	275.00		
Programs .....	55.00		
Publishing Minutes .....	150.00	<b>580.00</b>	
<b>Educational Research</b>			
Student Accomplishment and Study of			
Applicants .....	1,020.00		
Miscellaneous .....	80.00	<b>1,100.00</b>	
<b>Aptitude Test Committee</b>			
Technical and Statistical Salaries.....	2,250.00		
Clerical and Stenographic Salaries.....	1,575.00		
Statistical Studies on Predictive Value.....	550.00		
Printing .....	675.00		
Rent .....	600.00		
Advertising and Transporting Tests.....	600.00		
Travel—Dr. Moss .....	100.00		
Honorarium—Dr. Moss .....	1,200.00		
Surety Bond .....	10.50		
Travel .....	165.00		
New Equipment .....	100.00		
Special Study of Cases of Discrepancy.....	150.00	<b>7,975.50</b>	
Contingency .....	<b>\$2,500.00</b>	<b>\$2,500.00</b>	<b>\$27,165.50</b>

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On motion, duly seconded, the budget for 1935-1936 as presented and recommended by the Executive Council was adopted.

ROSS V. PATTERSON, Chairman  
JOHN WYCKOFF  
C. W. M. POYNTER  
H. G. WEISKOTTEN  
LOUIS B. WILSON  
B. C. H. HARVEY  
THURMAN KITCHIN

On motion, duly seconded, the report of the Executive Council as a whole was approved and adopted.

## Report of the Committee on Educational Policies

Dr. E. S. Ryerson, chairman of the committee, presented the following report:

Your committee desires to record its sincere regret at the loss of one of its members, Dr. Charles Russell Bardeen, Dean of the School of Medicine, University of Wisconsin, who died a few months ago.

The committee recommends that a resolution be adopted at this Executive Session of the Association expressing grateful appreciation of the many and valuable contributions which Doctor Bardeen made during the many years in which he represented his University at these meetings, and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to his University and to his family, with sincere condolence.

### I. PSYCHIATRIC EDUCATION:

The Executive Council referred to this committee the consideration of a report from the American Psychiatric Association of the Advisory Committee on Psychiatric Education of the National Committee for Mental Hygiene, regarding the establishment of standards for the teaching of psychiatry in the member colleges of this Association.

The by-laws of the Association, under the heading "Curriculum," prescribe the length of the course and the subjects in which instruction is to be given. In order that there may be a wide liberty of choice in the methods used by the member colleges, so long as the general requirements are satisfied, it has not yet been deemed desirable for the Association to adopt any regulations regarding the method of application of this by-law on Curriculum or in the system of teaching to be adopted in any of the subjects.

As no standards for the application of the curriculum in any of the subjects laid down in the by-law have been instituted, the committee is not prepared to recommend the adoption of the standards in psychiatry as approved by the American Psychiatric Association. The committee is agreed that a more prominent place in the course should be occupied by the psycho-biological, psycho-pathological and psychiatric aspects of medicine, and has, therefore, recommended that psycho-biology should be added to the subjects of the curriculum and that psychiatry be listed separately under medicine.

## II. CURRICULUM:

The entire course should be designed to train the student in the practice of medicine, including the cultivation of health and the prevention and treatment of disease.

The main purpose of the undergraduate curriculum should be to provide the student with a sound foundation in the fundamentals of medicine on which he can build in the future in general or special practice or in scientific investigation. He should have acquired such habits of mind and thought that in addition to profiting by his professional experience, he will continue to educate himself throughout his life. By the end of undergraduate medical courses the student should have matured sufficiently to assume the responsible duties of his profession.

The curriculum should extend over a period of at least four academic years and provide for instruction in the following:

### Anatomy

Embryology

Histology

Neuro-anatomy

### Physiology

Psycho-biology

Biochemistry

Pathology, Bacteriology and Immunology

Pharmacology

Preventive Medicine, Hygiene and Sanitation

### Medicine

Pediatrics

Psychiatry

Neurology

Dermatology

Therapeutics, including Physical Therapy

### Surgery

Orthopedics

Urology

Ophthalmology

Oto-Laryngology

Radiology

Anesthesia

Obstetrics and Gynecology

No strict uniformity of method in the application of the curriculum or in the system of teaching adopted is prescribed. Liberty of choice in the different member colleges of the Association is considered desirable provided that the broad general requirements are fulfilled.

E. STANLEY RYERSON, Chairman  
ALAN M. CHESNEY  
HAROLD RYPINS  
JOHN WYCKOFF

46<sup>th</sup> annual meeting 1935  
Oct 28-30

DR. RYERSON: I move the adoption of the report.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: The adoption of the report carries with it a proposal for an amendment to the constitution. That must lay over for one year, so that the adoption of the report would mean merely that this proposal would be submitted to member colleges for consideration during the year and come up for vote at the annual meeting one year hence.

Dr. Ryerson's motion was seconded and carried.

## Report of Delegates to the National Advisory Council on Medical Specialties

DR. LOUIS B. WILSON: It gives me pleasure to report that seven of the ten specialty groups are incorporated and actively at work. The older ones, ophthalmology, otolaryngology, rhinology, obstetrics and gynecology, and the new ones, roentgenology, psychiatry, orthopedics and urology are all now at work. Pathology is ready to incorporate.

Medicine is making very considerable progress. Last week a conference of the surgeons representing the American Surgical Association and the Surgical Section of the American Medical Association, was held at the offices of the American College of Surgeons, and it was agreed to recommend that committees of nine from each of these three organizations be appointed to consider the whole subject.

There is one phase of this work which the committee would like to call to the attention of the Association, and that is the present apparently unsatisfactory status of opportunities for graduate study of sufficient length of time under university supervision, under medical school supervision, in preparation for the specialties. All of the specialty boards constituted so far have adopted as a minimum the general outline laid down by the advisory board and the Council on Medical Education of the American Medical Association. You will recall that the principal item in this plan, which is supposed to become operative in 1938, or later, is that the applicant shall have had three years of training in hospital or university medical school, or in some manner, under adequate, organized supervision, training for his specialty after his internship.

As chairman of the committee from the Association of American Universities appointed last fall to study the whole field of post-doctor training, I have been trying to get together the facts concerning the opportunities in the United States and Canada from the medical standpoint. It is very difficult to evaluate the data which have been coming in, but it is painfully apparent that there is a very great lack of facilities under medical school supervision or under good hospital supervision. In every one of the specialties there are not now anywhere nearly enough opportunities for the limited number of new men who may be required to fill in the specialties in the next few years which are under adequate supervision either by schools or hospitals.

I regret that I have been unable to confer with Dr. Rappleye recently on this subject, but I am sure he would acquiesce in the request to this Association

that the Committee on Educational Policies or some special committee, undertake a further survey of the possible relationships which may be established in addition to those already existing between the medical schools and the hospitals with which they work, to provide adequate opportunities for training of at least three years in addition to that now given in the internships.

Of the more than 2,100 fellowships, assistantships, and so forth, listed in the educational number of the *Journal of the American Medical Association*, and of the 800 listed in Dr. Zapffe's report as available to medical students in connection with medical schools, nearly 3,000 altogether, so far as I can determine, there are less than 300 which are for periods of three years or more. Those, for the most part, are not in any manner, or at least very superficially, under supervision of medical schools.

On motion, duly seconded, Dr. Wilson's suggestion was referred to the Committee on Educational Policies.

#### UNFINISHED BUSINESS

Under that heading it would seem appropriate to bring up the matter of the aptitude test and again to remind you of the present status of that work as determined by you in executive session one year ago. You will remember that this resolution was adopted: "Without interruption of the progress of the aptitude test and the work done, a study be undertaken by the Executive Council in any way that it feels it ought to be done in order to determine its validity and its value to the Association as a whole."

Acting under that resolution, the Executive Council appointed a committee. That committee, with Dr. Chesney as chairman, gave you this morning an epitome of its report which will be published in full in the *JOURNAL*.

The question now before you is the authorization of the continuance or discontinuance of the aptitude tests. You have heard the conclusions of the special committee and its recommendation. Do you desire to authorize the continuance of the aptitude test?

DR. M. H. REES (University of Colorado): I think we have passed the experimental stage on the aptitude test and are now in position to take some definite action.

Therefore, I would recommend that this matter of the aptitude test be referred back to the Executive Council with power to supervise and act in the future in regard to the conduct of the aptitude test.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: Your motion carries with it, then, or it is implied that the aptitude test should be continued under the supervision of the Executive Council?

DR. M. H. REES: Yes, under the supervision of the Executive Council.

The motion was seconded and carried.

#### NEW BUSINESS

DR. PATTERSON: Taking priority under the head of new business is the pro-

posed amendment to the constitution which has been before you for the past year, and I will ask the secretary to read that proposal in order to refresh your minds.

SECRETARY ZAPFFE: The University of Colorado School of Medicine proposes to amend Article V, Section 1, "Officers," of the constitution of the Association, by changing the word "nine" in line four to "eight," and deleting the words "the Treasurer" in lines six and seven. The section will then read as follows:

"The officers of this Association shall be a president, a president-elect, vice president, a secretary, a treasurer and an Executive Council of eight members, consisting of the outgoing president, the president, the president-elect, the vice president and four elective members, two to be," and so forth, the remainder of the section to read as at present.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: Do you desire to add anything to the formal wording of the proposed amendment, Dr. Rees?

DR. M. S. REES: The only purpose of this proposed amendment is to simplify the wording of the constitution and to make the Executive Council a less cumbersome body. I think some of the changes which we made last year necessitate such a change.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: The proposed amendment is properly before you. Are you prepared to act on it?

DR. HARVEY: Six or seven months ago I drew the attention of the President to the fact that under the constitution the treasurer is the only member of the Executive Council who can hold office for more than three years. He can, not must, because the treasurer must be elected each year.

I expressed to the President at that time the opinion that I did not think it was the wish of the Association in general to have any one officer in a position in which he might hold office for more than three continuous years. I said also that if the Association was of the opinion that they would like to have one member hold office for so long a time, I did not think they should be of that opinion.

I drew the attention of the President to one method by which that situation might be changed. The treasurer might resign at the end of three years, or he might refuse to be re-elected, if anybody wanted to re-elect him, and that might be by establishing precedent or it might be by changing the constitution. I told the President that, as far as I was concerned, I was anxious to take the steps necessary to establish a precedent if he cared to move in the matter along that line, but apparently other members of the Association have also seen the situation as I did.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: Then you approve of the proposal, Dr. Harvey?

DR. HARVEY: Yes, of a change in the constitution which would not leave it possible for one member of the Executive Council to hold office for more than three continuous years. A change might be the one which is now suggested, by which the treasurer is not a member of the Council at all, or it might be a change providing that the treasurer could not hold office for more than three years, or for a shorter period.

On motion, duly seconded, the proposed amendment was adopted.

DR. WILLIAM PEPPER (University of Pennsylvania): The recent action of the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the American Medical Association

has interested some of our fellow members. Anyone who has been here the last two days is aware of the interest that has been aroused.

I do not want to criticize the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals. For some years I was a member of that Council and I have watched, as all of us have, the work they have done in the cause of medical education, and I think we can all say that we have watched with approbation the great majority of their actions.

I do feel that they have, in reference to the two-year schools not being placed on the approved list of medical schools after 1938, been rather precipitate, to say the least. I have been very much interested in the two-year schools. I think, possibly, I have had more to do with the product of those schools than has anyone else. I have personally admitted, from eleven two-year schools, 611 students to the third-year class of our school of medicine, counting the University of Wisconsin as one of the eleven. I have studied the scholastic attainment of the students from these two-year schools, and have been in the habit each year of sending to the deans of these schools a statistical table showing how their former students have made out. The fact that I have admitted 611 shows that I appreciate the product of those schools. I want to keep on admitting them. I would very much hate to have that supply cut off.

I am not going to go into any further discussion of the merits of the case, but I do want to present a resolution which I hope this body will pass. It reads as follows:

1. That the secretary be instructed to advise the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the American Medical Association that the Association of American Medical Colleges requests the Council to reconsider its action upon the two-year medical schools and to classify such schools individually on their respective merits.

2. That the recent action of the Council of the American Medical Association on Medical Education and Hospitals above referred to does not affect membership of the two-year medical schools in the Association of American Medical Colleges.

DR. W. C. DAVISON (Duke University): I second that motion.

DR. ALAN M. CHESNEY (Johns Hopkins University): I, too, second the motion.

DR. HAROLD RYPINS (Albany Medical School): I would like to ask Dr. Pepper if these are separate resolutions, or one resolution.

DR. PEPPER: I do not care.

DR. RYPINS: I suggest that we take them up individually.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: Dr. Pepper, do you desire to have this a single vote, or have these two paragraphs voted on separately?

DR. PEPPER: Separately.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: The first resolution presented is: "That the Secretary be instructed to advise the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the American Medical Association that the Association of American Medical Colleges requests the Council to reconsider its action upon the two-year medical schools and to classify such schools individually on their respective merits."

DR. W. D. CUTTER (American Medical Association): I have no objection

whatever to the resolution Dr. Pepper has presented, but I think it would, perhaps, clarify the situation for all of you to know that the action taken by the Council in September was taken with the full concurrence and approval of the representative of this Association, your President, who was present with us at that time.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: I must disagree with that statement. I was present at the meeting by invitation of the Council, not as a representative of this Association officially but as your representative, of course, in order to sit in the discussion. I attended the meeting at a very inconvenient time and at some personal sacrifice. Obviously, of course, no one representing this Association could have any official part in any action taken at that time, and I think if the secretary of the Council will refer to the minutes of that meeting it was distinctly stated, and the stenographer requested to record, that any participation or any views expressed were entirely personal and were not binding on this Association, because no one was in a position to bind this Association to any view. The Association itself would have to pass on the matter in its usual way. I was present and did hear the discussion. I expressed approval of many things that were said, but I had no part and no vote.

DR. W. D. CUTTER: You are quite right in saying that your action was not construed as binding this Association. It was perfectly clear to everyone that you were not expressing the vote of the Association. I merely mentioned the fact that we had tried as best we could to find out the sentiment of the members of this Association, and the member of your Association who was with us was in agreement with what was being done.

I have no objection to the resolution as offered by Dr. Pepper. I am sure the Council is willing to consider any action that should be taken if there seems to be sufficient reason for so doing.

DR. M. H. REES (University of Colorado): Maybe we can go a little further. I think this matter has been pretty thoroughly investigated by the Executive Council. I notice there was not anything contained in its report, but I wonder whether the Executive Council would be willing to give us some light on this subject.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: The Executive Council had no recommendation to present. The report of the Executive Council was put before the Association in full, and you know what its recommendations were.

DR. O. W. HYMAN (University of Tennessee): I want to hear the resolution heartily endorsed. We have had a number of the students of the two-year schools at the University of Tennessee, and they have uniformly done good work.

DR. J. C. FLIPPIN (University of Virginia): I have a feeling of approval of Dr. Pepper's resolution. At the same time, it is, in a way, you might say, a somewhat drastic resolution. We have present the secretary of the Council on Medical Education, and we have one of our very valued members who has been associated with the investigations on which this is possibly based. Might we not have some brief statement as to the reason for this action? That might modify the form of motion which would be passed by this body.



PRESIDENT PATTERSON: Is there any further discussion or comment? If not, we will proceed to a vote.

Resolution No. 1 was adopted without a dissenting vote.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: Do you desire to present the second part of the resolution, Dr. Pepper, "That the recent action of the Council of the American Medical Association on Medical Education and Hospitals above referred to does not affect membership of the two-year medical schools in the Association of American Medical Colleges."

DR. PEPPER: I do not know whether it is necessary, but it would, perhaps, encourage our friends in the two-year schools if we did pass it. I do not see that the action of the Council can change the status of a member of this Association.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: That is what I had in mind.

DR. RYPINS: In view of what Dr. Pepper has said, I move to lay this second part of the resolution on the table as unnecessary.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: Perhaps Dr. Pepper would prefer to withdraw it?

DR. PEPPER: I withdraw it.

#### ELECTION OF OFFICERS

The report of the Nominating Committee was read by the secretary.

Your Nominating Committee names the following members as candidates for officers as indicated, namely:

President-Elect—Dr. E. Stanley Ryerson.

Vice President—Dr. Russell H. Oppenheimer

Secretary—Dr. Fred C. Zapffe

Treasurer—Dr. A. C. Bachmeyer

Executive Council—Dr. W. C. Rappleye, Dr. M. H. Rees.

"Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) C. W. M. Poynter

L. E. Sutton, Jr.

F. L. Babbott, Jr.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON: Are there any further nominations?

DR. W. PEPPER: I move that the Secretary cast the ballot for the election of the nominees.

DR. C. F. MARTIN (McGill University): I second the motion.

The motion was carried unanimously. The secretary cast the ballot.

The President announced that the nominees were duly elected to their respective offices.

#### PLACE OF NEXT ANNUAL MEETING

The secretary read the invitations received from the Medical College of Virginia, from the Richmond Chamber of Commerce, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the Mayor of Richmond, the Retail Merchants Association of Virginia, the Interclub Council, and hotels in Richmond.

Dr. S. S. Negus (Medical College of Virginia) supported these invitations, pointing out the historical and other attractions of Richmond.

Dr. R. H. Oppenheimer (Emory University) called attention to the fact that he had invited the association last year to meet in Atlanta in 1936. He renewed

the invitation and set forth the many advantages of Atlanta as a place of meeting.

No further invitations were presented.

The President announced that the vote on place of meeting would be by ballot.

The secretary distributed the ballots. The collected ballots were counted and checked by the secretary and Dr. Harvey. The secretary announced that 67 votes were cast—Atlanta, 36; Richmond, 31.

The President announced that the 1936 meeting of the Association will be held in Atlanta.

Dr. L. R. Chandler (Stanford University) extended an invitation to hold the 1937 meeting in San Francisco.

Dr. C. L. A. Schmidt (University of California) seconded the invitation.

The secretary was instructed by the president to record these invitations in the minutes.

Dr. E. J. Carey (Marquette University) moved that the secretary extend the sincere appreciation of the members of the Association of American Medical Colleges to the dean and the faculty of the University of Toronto Medical School for the courtesies, accommodations and international good will extended at this meeting.

Dr. M. H. Rees (University of Colorado) seconded the motion and added to it appreciation of the wonderful entertainment that has been given to the ladies.

The motion was passed unanimously.

DR. PATTERSON: This brings to an end my incumbency as the President of the Association. It is appropriate that I should briefly express my appreciation of the honor which you have done me, and to thank you for the cordial cooperation and good will which you have shown. I have a feeling of satisfaction in looking back over the last three years, particularly, and noting the progress that has been made by this Association in its varied activities. I feel that we have much reason for congratulation at what has been done and the prospect of what it is hoped may be accomplished in the near future. I call on my successor, Dr. John Wyckoff to assume his responsibilities and duties as your President.

President Wyckoff assumed the chair.

PRESIDENT WYCKOFF: I want to let you all know how much I appreciate the honor you have done me in asking me to be your president during this next year. I take particular pleasure in accepting this office here in Toronto, where we have been so very generously greeted and so well treated. I hope we will have a year of progress for the Association.

On motion, regularly seconded, the meeting was adjourned at 10:50 P. M.

(Signed) FRED C. ZAPFFE, Secretary.

### THIRD DAY

Wednesday, October 30

The delegates reassembled in Hart House and were called to order by President Wyckoff at 9:50 A. M.

The first paper, entitled "Teaching of Therapeutics," was presented by Dr. Arthur C. DeGraff, New York University College of Medicine.

The subject, "Teaching of Pharmacology," was presented from three angles:

1. "From the Standpoint of the Examiner," by Dr. Wm. deB. MacNider, National Board of Medical Examiners.
2. "From the Standpoint of the Clinician," by Dr. Jos. M. Hayman, Jr., Western Reserve University School of Medicine.
3. "From the Standpoint of the Pharmacologist," by Dr. C. W. Edmunds, University of Michigan Medical School.

These four papers were discussed by: Drs. V. E. Henderson, University of Toronto; Wm. deB. MacNider, University of North Carolina; Edw. S. Thorpe, Jr., University of Pennsylvania; Torald Sollmann, Western Reserve University; Maurice H. Rees, University of Colorado; C. H. Neilson, St. Louis University; Arthur C. DeGraff and C. W. Edmunds.

Dr. J. A. Curran, Executive Secretary, New York Committee on the Study of Hospital Internships and Residencies, followed with a paper entitled, "The Internship as a Problem in Medical Education: How the Problem is Being Met in New York."

The Association then adjourned to meet in Atlanta, Georgia, at such time as the Executive Council will determine.

FRED C. ZAPFFE, Secretary.

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#### MINUTES OF ORGANIZATION MEETING OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL HELD IN TORONTO, OCTOBER 30, 1935

The organization meeting of the Executive Council was held in Toronto, October 30, 1935, in the Royal York Hotel. The following members of the Council were present: Ross V. Patterson, John Wyckoff, C. W. M. Poynter, E. Stanley Ryerson, R. H. Oppenheimer, H. G. Weiskotten and Maurice H. Rees. The treasurer, Dr. Bachmeyer, and the secretary, Dr. Zapffe, were also present.

The first order of business was the election of a chairman for the ensuing year. Drs. Patterson and Wyckoff were nominated. A vote was taken. The majority of votes were cast for Dr. Wyckoff. He was declared elected.

The next order of business was the appointment of committees.

1. Committee on Educational Policies: Alan M. Chesney, Johns Hopkins University, chairman; Alphonse M. Schwitalla, St. Louis University; Frank L. Babbot, Jr., Long Island College of Medicine; E. Stanley Ryerson, University of Toronto; C. Sidney Burwell, Harvard University.

2. Committee on Aptitude Test: Edward S. Thorpe, Jr., University of Pennsylvania, chairman; Worth Hale, Harvard University; W. K. Bloor, University of Rochester.

On motion, duly seconded and carried, this committee was authorized to employ such technical assistants as may be needed to carry on this work, and any consultants as it may need. The committee was instructed, that as rapidly as possible, at the direction of the committee, without interrupting the activities of the test, the clerical work be transferred to Association headquarters and that all printed matter emanating from the committee bear the name of the Association of

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American Medical Colleges; further, that all monies collected be sent to the secretary, as provided for in the constitution, and that all disbursements be made by the treasurer.

It was duly moved, seconded and carried that a study be made of opportunities for residencies in hospitals and for the training of interns, and that the Committee on Educational Policies be requested to formulate educational policies governing the training of interns in hospitals and report thereon at the next annual meeting.

The Council then considered the problem of duplicate reports which has evoked complaint from some member colleges. Reports are now being made to this Association and to the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the American Medical Association. There is considerable similarity in these reports. It was moved, seconded and carried, that the attention of the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals be called to the fact that this Association is prepared to supply from its headquarters all information it may want, and that if any information wanted is not now available, the Association will gladly secure it. Such a course of action will relieve the colleges of much extra work without curtailing the activities of the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals.

On motion, duly seconded and carried, the secretary, Dr. Zapffe, was ordered to accompany Dr. Wyckoff in attendance on the meeting of the Association of American Colleges to be held in New York City, January 16 and 17, 1936.

It was duly moved, seconded and carried, that the chairman of the Council, Dr. Wyckoff, be authorized to designate, as far as possible from the membership of the Council, representatives to take part in the inspection of member colleges, colleges applying for admission to membership and such other colleges as he may feel should be inspected by the Association.

On motion, duly seconded and carried, the budget for the ensuing year, as approved by the Association in executive session, was approved by the Council.

The chairman announced that in accordance with a previous resolution of the Council the next annual meeting of the Association will be held on October 26, 27 and 28, 1936, in Atlanta, Georgia, the selection of the Association for this meeting.

It was duly moved, seconded and carried, that the next meeting of the Council be held in Chicago, February 16, 1936.

The Council then adjourned.

FRED C. ZAPFFE, Secretary.